

Pupil Premium Strategy Statement 2024-27.

2024-25 (Year 2 of 3)

including

Impact Report 2024-2025.

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium and recovery premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the impact that last year's spending of pupil premium had upon our pupils.

School overview

Details	Data
School name	Parkwood Academy
Number of pupils in school	190
% of pupil premium eligible pupils	41% = 77 pupils
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2024-25, <u>2025-26</u> , 2026-27.
Date this statement was published	December 2025.
Date this statement will be reviewed	From April 2026.
Statement authorised by	Lisa Cracknell (Headteacher)
Pupil premium lead	Natasha Norcott
Governor / Trustee lead	Julie Mulcahy

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£115,090
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£O
Total budget for this academic year	£115,090

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our intention is that all pupils, regardless of their background or challenges which they face towards their learning, make good progress and achieve high levels of attainment across the curriculum. The main focus of this disadvantaged strategy is to support disadvantaged pupils to overcome the challenges which they face within their learning and perform at least in line with their non-disadvantaged peers.

We will consider the challenges faced by our disadvantaged pupils who are in receipt of the pupil premium funding and also those who may be vulnerable or disadvantaged but not in receipt of the funding. Our aim is to ensure that every child here at Parkwood Academy is able to achieve.

High-quality teaching is fundamental and a key principle to this strategy and has been throughout our school over a number of academic years. This is proven to have the greatest impact on closing the disadvantage attainment gap and at the same time will benefit the non-disadvantaged pupils in our school. It is the intention that non-disadvantaged pupils' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside that of disadvantaged pupils.

This strategy will also cover wider school plans for education recovery notably in the targeted support of children through tutoring and the allocation of the catch-up premium.

Our approach will identify and address common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. The approaches we have adopted complement each other to help pupils excel. To ensure they are effective we will:

- ensure disadvantaged pupils are challenged in the work that they're set
- ensure that teachers understand the needs of their children.
- act early to intervene at the point need is identified
- adopt a whole school approach to our strategy whereby we demonstrate high expectations of all of our children

We have used EEf guidance, DFE guidance. The Essex Disadvantaged Strategy, school data and information to help develop our school's strategy.

As in previous years, we will evaluate the impact of our strategy regularly and adjust our plan over time to secure better outcomes for pupils.

The Challenges.

These are the key challenges that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

	Detail of challenge
1	Attendance. Post COVID, attendance has fallen significantly and forms a major target to improve across the school. Those in receipt of pupil premium have lower levels of attendance than peers, and higher persistent absence. There are two aspects to our work: increasing attendance of the pupil premium cohort, and then closing the gap to their peers.
2	Wellbeing And Mental Health. Some pupils find it challenging to regulate their emotions through a regular school day. They have lower levels of independence and some have low self-esteem. They display a lack of confidence and self-belief and demonstrate a low sense of self-worth. They also struggle with attachments so the Nurture provision provides them with home life structure and routine that they may not have had in earlier life. They are the pupils that the EEF refer to as having "negatively impacted wellbeing and mental health" in many cases.
3	Significantly Low-Levels of C&L and collaboration amongst SEMH pupils Due to lockdown and the limited opportunities to interact and collaborate with their peers, some pupils struggle to work in group scenarios which also impacts on their communication skills. This may present itself as children not wanting to follow school expectations and can result in disruptive behaviour in classroom settings. This intervention allows key children to access all areas of the curriculum in an inclusive environment.
4	Gaps in Phonics Knowledge, Impacting on Key Stage 2 Reading. With early reading skills being of vital importance, we're aiming for pupils to make an accelerated start in reading, leading to subsequent improved fluency and comprehension skills. We aim to be at least in line with national averages in the Year 1 phonic screening check. In 2023-24 we implemented a Read Write Inc. approach to teaching reading and writing to further support consistency and progress in language throughout the school.
5	Lower Attainment And Gap To Peers. Lockdowns and increased absence levels post COVID have created gaps in children's knowledge, and contextually we have identified a lack of stamina, resilience and perseverance, and decreased levels of 'good learning behaviours' — which were previously established. To support in closing the gaps, we have implemented an UKS2 reading scheme called Fresh Start and additional maths and GPS booster sessions for key children to address misconceptions and gaps in learning.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended Outcome	Success Criteria
For 2025-26, we will use a range of key performance indicators (KPI's) to measure ou	ur progress against our intended outcomes.
Where available, previous year's performance will be used to create a baseline to constrategies and use of funding. We will also use case studies to demonstrate positive in needs	ompare to this year, so that we can analyse any progress made and the impact of our mpact particularly for Challenges 2 and 5, wellbeing and mental health and SEMH
Attendance.	How will we know we have been successful?
PPG pupils are in school more often, which will impact positively on their outcomes.	*Number of PPG pupils who are persistently absent will decrease. *PPG pupils' attendance will increase.
Wellbeing And Mental Health.	How will we know we have been successful?
PPG pupils who are in the Hive provision will integrate back into the classroom environment with the confidence and skills to work independently, collaboratively and to make academic progress.	*Boxall profiles and case studies will show the impact the Hive has had on children's outcomes, independence, confidence, self-esteem and participation in classroom sessions.
Significantly Low-Levels of C&L and collaboration amongst SEMH pupils	How will we know we have been successful?
PPG pupils who take part in forest school sessions will be able to effectively communicate their wants, needs and feelings to their peers and adults across all school settings. There will be a reduction of 'red' behaviour incidents as PPG pupils will be able to regulate effectively and safely in group scenarios.	*Case studies will be completed on key children to show how children can now interact, collaborate and communicate with their peers within the classroom environment. *Number of 'red' behaviour incidents will decrease as PPG children will be able to communicate for effectively and will be able to regulate positively in group settings.
Gaps in Phonics Knowledge, Impacting on Key Stage 2 Reading.	How will we know we have been successful?
More pupils will pass the phonics check in year 1. More pupils will reach the expected standard in reading at the end of reception.	*Percentage increase in PPG pupils passing the phonics check in year 1 *Percentage of PPG pupils in Early years reach the expected standard in reading

Lower Attainment And Gap To Peers.	How will we know we have been successful?
Higher attainment for our PPG pupils, closing gap to their peers.	*Percentage increase in PPG pupils achieving expected standard in KS2 combined *Decrease in number of PPG pupils who are persistently absent. *Percentage increase of PPG pupils across school working at ARE in Reading, Writing and Maths, with a smaller gap to non-PPG pupils

Activity during 2024-25 Academic Year.

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £16,749

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Pay for the PPG coordinator to write the strategy, monitor it throughout the year and analyse it to ensure the best outcomes for the PPG pupils.	EEF Research: Teachers CPD DHT (also disadvantaged and DSL) will plan, deliver and facilitate high quality CPD for teachers/LSAs that will improve attainment for disadvantaged children.	All
DHT/PPG lead to add capacity in releasing leaders to monitor standards in their subjects/areas. Feedback to staff areas to improve and follow up on actions.	EEF Research: Professional development for teachers is a key success factor in interventions. Leaders need to be rigorous at driving standards up — they need regular release to monitor standards; drop ins, book looks and pupil perceptions. Set targets and follow them up in a timely fashion through SIP process.	4 and 5

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £39,783

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Year Rec, 1 and 2 Phonic interventions	High quality phonic teaching to develop early reading skills. They will also ensure reading books match the pupil's abilities – they can read their book with 85% accuracy.	4
	EEF Research: Phonics has a positive impact overall (+5 months) with very extensive evidence and is an important component in the development of early reading skills	
UKS2 reading interventions	EEF Research: Targeted academic support.	5
	Evidence indicates that one to one tuition can be effective, providing approximately five additional months' progress on average.	
	EEF Research: One to one tuition might be an effective strategy for providing targeted support for pupils that are identified as having low prior attainment or are struggling in particular areas. Tuition is more likely to make an impact if it is additional to and explicitly linked with normal lessons.	
KS2 maths and GPS interventions	EEF Research: Targeted academic support.	5
	Evidence indicates that one to one tuition can be effective, providing approximately five additional months' progress on average.	
	EEF Research: One to one tuition might be an effective strategy for providing targeted support for pupils that are identified as having low prior attainment or are struggling in particular areas. Tuition is more likely to make an impact if it is additional to and explicitly linked with normal lessons.	
Fresh start subscription	EEF Research: Targeted academic support.	5
	Evidence indicates that one to one tuition can be effective, providing approximately five additional months' progress on average.	
	EEF Research: One to one tuition might be an effective strategy for providing targeted support for pupils that are identified as having low prior attainment	

or are struggling in particular areas. Tuition is more likely to make an impact if it is additional to and explicitly linked with normal lessons.	
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Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £58,558

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Attendance Officer – taking early action and working with parents to reduce persistent absence across PPG cohort.	EEF Research: Parental engagement has a positive impact on average of 4 months' additional progress. It is crucial to consider how to engage with all parents to avoid widening attainment gaps.	1, 4 and 5
Wellbeing Hive staffing - alternative provision to target children with SEMH needs and struggle in class for the full day.	EEF Research: Social and emotional learning approaches have a positive impact, on average, of 4 months' additional progress in academic outcomes over the course of an academic year.	2
	EEF Research: Behaviour interventions; reduction in suspensions, particularly for disadvantaged children. More specialised programmes which are targeted at students with specific behavioural issues.	

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the previous academic year, and across the life of the strategy as a whole.

Challenge 1 – September 2024 to July 2025 attendance for PPG recipients was 94.05%. Non – PPG recipients was 94.97%. NA for attendance for July 2025 was 93.1%. and the NA target is 95%. Both percentages are only very slightly below National target and the gap between PPG and non-PPG is closing and very similar. There is an increase from the previous academic year. September 2023 – July 2024 attendance for PPG chn was 93.8%. This has increased by 0.25%. The gap between PPG and non-PPG is also smaller compared to the previous year. For July 2024, the gap was 0.4%. For July 2025, the gap was only 0.92%.

Challenge 2 – Data of PPG chn reaching ARE in foundation subjects (see data sheet below):

For our current year 6 class at the end of year 5, the PPG chn had higher outcomes than non-PPG chn in most foundation subjects. Without the SEN chn included in the PPG data, PPG outcomes are even higher than non-PPG in all foundation subjects. For our current year 5 class at the end of year 4, there was a significant gap between PPG and non-PPG chn in most foundation subjects. When SEN PPG chn are not included in the data, the PPG chn still have lower outcomes but this closes the gap ever so slightly. For our current year 4 class at the end of year 3, there was a significant gap between PPG and non-PPG pupils. Without the SEN chn included in the PPG data, the gap closes significantly and are nearly in line with non-PPG outcomes. For our current year 3 class at the end of year 2, the PPG achieved higher outcomes in most foundation subjects compared to non-PPG chn. When PPG SEN children are taken out of the data, PPG chn have higher percentages in all foundation subjects compared to non-PPG. For our current year 2 class at the end of year 1, the PPG percentage without removing SEN children is significantly slower than non-PPG pupils however when the SEN PPG pupils are taken out of the data, 100% if PPG chn reached age related outcomes in all foundation subjects where the percentages are higher than non-PPG chn. For our current year 1 class at the end of reception, there was a gap between PPG and non-PPG however the gap closes significantly when SEN children are removed from the data.

PPG data for PPG report July 2025

Foundation subjects – summer 2 data

Current year 6 (year 5 summer 2 data)			
	PPG chn = 13 chn	PPG chn not SEN = 8 chn	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
Art	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Computing	76.9% = 10/13 chn	87.5% = 7/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
DT	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Science	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Geography	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
History	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
RE	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	81.3% = 13/16 chn
MFL	69.2% = 9/13 chn	75% = 6/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Music	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
PE	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
PSHE	84.6% = 11/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	81.3% = 13/16 chn

Current year 5 (year 4 summer 2 data)				
	PPG chn = 9 chn	PPG chn not SEN = 6 chn	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn	
Art	55.6% = 5/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	83.3% = 15/18 chn	
Computing	100% = 9/9 chn	100% = 6/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
DT	66.7% = 6/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
Science	77.8% = 7/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
Geography	44.4% = 4/9 chn	50% = 3/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
History	44.4% = 4/9 chn	50% = 3/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
RE	55.6% = 5/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
MFL	55.6% = 5/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn	
Music	44.4% = 4/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn	
PE	88.9% = 8/9 chn	100% = 6/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn	
PSHE	66.7% = 6/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn	

Current year 2 (year 1 summer 2 data)			
	PPG chn = 5 chn	PPG cho not SEN = 2 cho	Non-PPG chn = 13 chn
Art	40% = 2/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
Computing	40% = 2/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	84.6% = 11/13 chn
DT	40% = 2/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
Science	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	76.9% = 10/13 chn
Geography	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
History	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
RE	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
MFL			
Music	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
PE	40% = 2/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
PSHE	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn

Current year 4 (ye	ar 3 summer 2 data)		
	PPG chp = 9 chp.	PPG cho not SEN = 5	Non-PPG ghn = 18 ghn
Art	55.6% = 5/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn
Computing	66.7% = 6/9 chn	100% = 5/5 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn
DT	77.8% = 7/9 chn	100% = 5/5 chn	100% = 18/18 chn
Science	44.4% = 4/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn
Geography	44.4% = 4/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	88.9% = 16/18 chn
History	44.4% = 4/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	83.3% = 15/18 chn
RE	88.9% = 8/9 chn	100% = 5/5 chn	100% = 18/18 chn
MFL	66.7% = 6/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn
Music	55.6% = 5/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	77.8% = 14/18 chn
PE	88.9% = 8/9 chn	100% = 5/5 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn
PSHE	100% = 9/9 chn	100% = 5/5 chn	100% = 18/18 chn

Current year 3 (year 2 summer 2 data)				
	PPG chn = 14 chn	PPG cho not SEN = 11 cho	Non-PPG chn = 11 chn	
Art	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	81.8% = 9/11 chn	
Computing	71.4% = 10/14 chn	81.8% = 9/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn	
DT	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	81.8% = 9/11 chn	
Science	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	72.7% = 8/11 chn	
Geography	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn	
History	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	72.7% = 8/11 chn	
RE	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn	
MFL				
Music	85.7% = 12/14 chn	100% = 11/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn	
PE	85.7% = 12/14 chn	100% = 11/11 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	
PSHE	78.6% = 11/14 chn	90.9% = 10/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn	

Current year 1 (reception summer 2 data)				
	PPG cho = 9 cho	PPG cho not SEN = 6 cho	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn	
EAD	66.7% = 6/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	93.8% = 15/16 chn	
UTW	77.8% = 7/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	93.8% = 15/16 chn	

Challenge 3 - Data of PPG chn not including SEN reaching ARE in reading (see data sheet below):

Apart from the current year 5, 4 and 1 classes, all PPG chn (not including SEN) have a higher percentage in ARE compared to non-PPG. In our current year 5 class the PPG chn who are below and not currently on the SEN register, are being monitored for the SEN register now that the gaps in their learning are getting bigger the higher up the school they go. In our current year 4 class, 4 out of the 9 chn are on the SEN register and the 3 out of the 5 PPG chn who did not reach ARE in reading as they were still requiring access to our phonics provision to close their phonics gaps. They are now off the programme and are now taking part in age related whole class reading sessions.

In the current year 1 class, the gap between PPG without SEN and non-PPG is very small. The PPG child who did not reach ARE joined the reception class in April 2025 and had not been to any school before Parkwood. He had gaps in learning but is a spotlight child who will receive catch up interventions for reading and writing.

PPG data for PPG report July 2025

Core subjects – summer 2 data

	July 2025 Summ	er 2 reading data	
Current year 6 at the end of year 5	PPG chn = 13 chn	PPG cha not SEN = 8 cha	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
	69% = 9/13 chn	87.5% = 7/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Current year 5 at the end of year 4	PPG cha = 9 cha	PPG cha not SEN = 6 cha	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
	66.7% = 6/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chn
Current year 4 at the end of year 3	PPG cha = 9 cha	PPG cha not SEN = 5	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
	22.2% = 2/9 chn	40% = 2/5 chn	66.7% = 12/18 chn
Current year 3 at the end of year 2	PPG cha = 14 cha	PPG cha not SEN = 11 cha	Non-PPG chn = 11 chn
	71.4% = 10/14 chn	81.8% = 9/11 chn	72.7% = 8/11 chn
Current year 2 at the end of year 1	PPG cha = 5 cha	PPG chn not SEN = 2 chn	Non-PPG chn = 13 chn
	60% = 3/5 chn	100% = 2/2 chn	92.3% = 12/13 chn
Current year 1 at the end of reception	PPG cha = 9 cha	PPG chn not SEN = 6 chn	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
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Challenge 4 - Data for C&L in rec and reading in year 1:

Key children in reception were given targeted support for their C&L and by the end of Rec, 66.7% of PPG chn reached ARE in C&L. The percentage of non-PPG outcomes in C&L was 93.8%. There is a significant gap due to 2 of the PPG chn being SEN with EHCPs and not accessing the Reception curriculum and the other PPG child joined reception in April 2025 and had not been attending any Primary school for the start of Reception. He had significant gaps.

Challenge 5 – Phonics data for PPG chn year 1 and 2:

Year 1 phonics PPG chn = 3/6 chn = 50%. Non-PPG chn = 14/14 chn = 100%. The 3 PPG chn who did not pass are on the SEN register and one is awaiting their EHCP. Year 2 retakes PPG chn = 2/4 = 50%. Non-PPG chn = 2/2 chn = 100%. There is a gap because the 2 PPG chn who did not pass the retake are SEN and are significantly behind and delayed in their C&L and reading skills. One of these chn has now left us and attends at a SEN school.

Challenge 6 - Data for PPG chn not including SEN reaching ARE in writing:

Writing outcomes are below across the school and not in line with National outcomes. PPG chn (not including SEN) are either in line with non-PPG chn outcomes or there is still a significant gap. Writing is a key priority across the school, where basic misconceptions in punctuation, spelling and handwriting are being addressed in every lesson to improve age related outcomes for all chn. Our talk for writing scheme and RWI scheme support both the fundamental/transcriptional skills as well as creative writing skills where writing tools are developed throughout KS2. Our school improvement plan focuses on addressing misconceptions in all writing across the curriculum as well as the use of editing writing in class, ensuring this is effective and purposeful.

	July 2025 Summ	er 2 writing data	
Current year 6 at the end of year 5	PPG chn = 13 chn	PPG cho not SEN = 8 cho	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
	53.8% = 7/13 chn	62.5% = 5/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Current year 5 at the end of year 4	PPG cho. = 9 cho.	PPG chn not SEN = 6 chn	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
	44.4% = 4/9 chn	50% = 3/6 chn	83.3% = 15/18 chn
Current year 4 at the end of year 3	PPG cho. = 9 cho.	PPG cho not SEN = 5	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
	22.2% = 2/9 chn	40% = 2/5 chn	61.1% = 11/18 chr
Current year 3 at the	PPG chn = 14 chn	PPG cha not SEN = 11 cha	Non-PPG chn = 11 chn
end of year 2	35.7% = 5/14 chn	36.4% = 4/11 chn	63.6% = 7/11 chn
Current year 2 at the end of year 1	PPG cha = 5 cha	PPG chn not SEN = 2 chn	Non-PPG chn = 13 chn
	20% = 1/5 chn	50% = ½ chn	76.9% = 10/13 chr
Current year 1 at the end of reception	PPG cho.= 9 cho.	PPG cho not SEN = 6 cho	Non-PPG cho = 16 cho
	66.7% = 6/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	87.5% = 14/16 chr

<u>Challenge 7</u> - Data for PPG chn not including SEN reaching ARE in maths:

PPG chn (not including SEN) in year 6 and year 4 have a higher percentage than non-PPG chn. Year 1's outcomes are slightly below non-PPG chn. In year 5, the PPG chn, who are not on the SEN register and are below age-related outcomes, have a lack of confidence and self-esteem either due to previously poor attendance or gaps in basic skills. The year 3 PPG chn have significant gaps in their basic number skills and will be the focus year group for maths interventions as well as year 6. In the current year 1 class, the children are being monitored for accurate numbers on the SEN register.

	July 2025 Sumn	ner 2 maths data	
Current year 6 at the end of year 5	PPG cha = 13 cha	PPG cho not SEN = 8 cho	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
	69.2% = 9/13 chn	100% = 8/8 chn	75% = 12/16 chn
Current year 5 at the end of year 4	PPG cho. = 9 cho.	PPG chn not SEN = 6 chn	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
	77.8% = 7/9 chn	66.7% = 4/6 chn	94.4% = 17/18 chr
Current year 4 at the	PPG cho. = 9 cho.	PPG cho not SEN = 5	Non-PPG chn = 18 chn
end of year 3	44.4% = 4/9 chn	80% = 4/5 chn	77.8% = 14/18 chr
Current year 3 at the end of year 2	PPG chn = 14 chn	PPG cha not SEN = 11 cha	Non-PPG chn = 11 chn
	50% = 7/14	54.5% = 6/11 chn	72.7% = 8/11 chn
Current year 2 at the end of year 1	PPG cho. = 5 cho.	PPG chn not SEN = 2 chn	Non-PPG chn = 13 chn
	40% = 2/5 chn	50% = ½ chn	92.3% = 12/13 chr
Current year 1 at the end of reception	PPG cho.= 9 cho.	PPG chn not SEN = 6 chn	Non-PPG chn = 16 chn
	77.8% = 7/9 chn	83.3% = 5/6 chn	87.5% = 14/16 chr

Challenge 8 -

TT and MB Nurture Case Studies (two SEN year 5 pupils)

Impact of Nurture

TT and MB both started the Nurture provision in December 2024 and continued accessing the provision till July 2025. They are both on the SEN register. MB already had an ASD diagnosis. MB had been struggling to regulate or communicate with any member of staff or her peers which resulted in her spending a lot of time in the corner of the classroom, refusing to engage or communicate with staff who could then support her regulate. TT received an ASD diagnosis in November 2024 which had a negative impact on how he viewed himself and how he also regulated and communicated with staff and his peers. He was having daily incidents with other pupils in his class which resulted in internal or external suspensions and he would struggle to enter the classroom to access his learning based on how he felt about himself and others in his class. Planning for both pupils was focused on regulations of emotions, making and keeping relationships, coping strategies and self-worth. By the end of Year 5, both pupils were engaging in class and were accessing the curriculum. Their boxall profiles were reviewed in Sept 2025 when they returned to Parkwood in Year 6 and since being back, they have both had such a positive start to the year and are both in class full time, making great progress academically and emotionally. MB is regulating more effectively in class and on the playground and TT is coming into class every day with a smile on his face. He has formed a great relationship with his new teacher due to working on these skills in the Nurture provision at the end of year 5.

Roxall	Results
DOXUII	V G 20112

There have been significant developments in the Boxall results for both pupils in their diagnostic profiles- progress has been identified in their areas such as disengagement, attachment, regulation and feelings towards themselves.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider